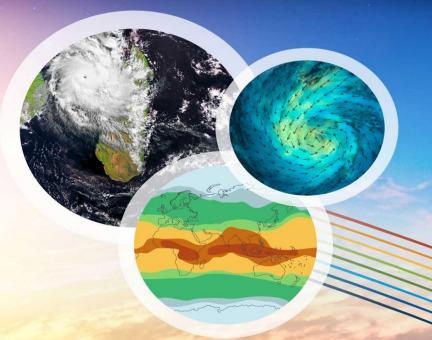


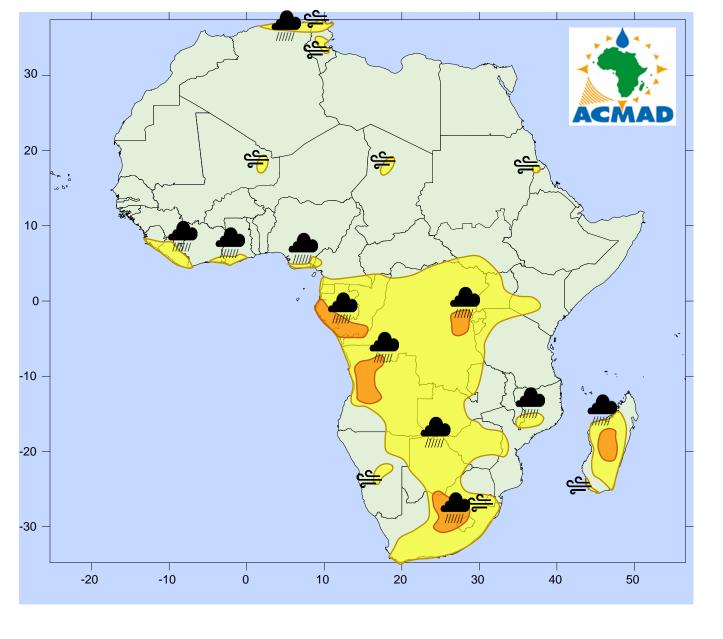
Issued on: November 3rd, 2022

Validity period: November 4th to 8th, 2022



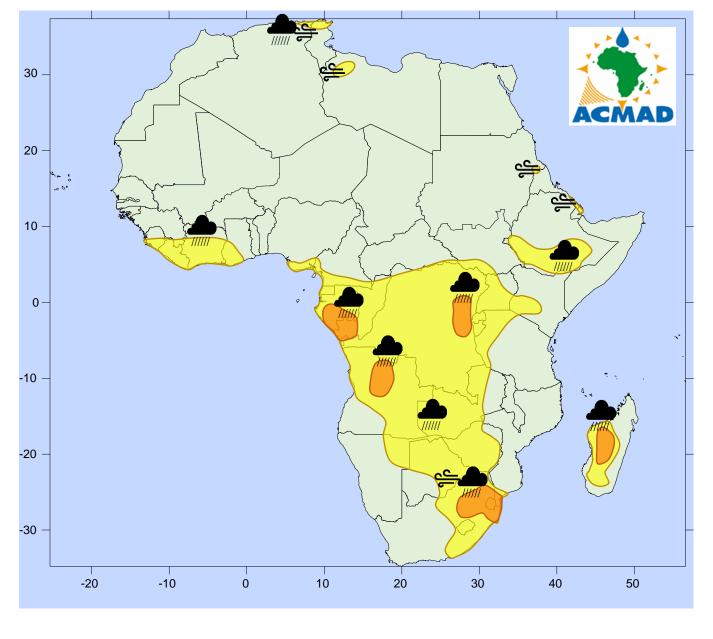


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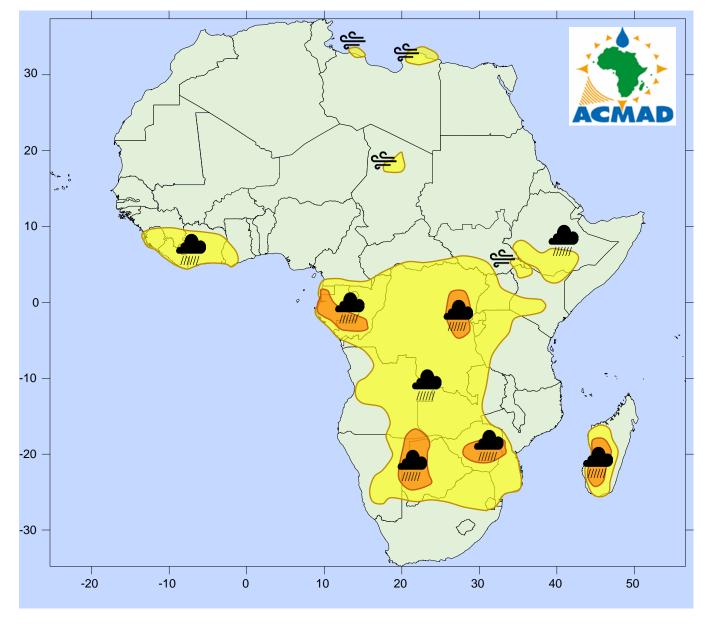


////// Rain	ال Wind	Dust	Meningitis
Very heavy	Very strong	Very heavy	Very likely
>100mm	>80kmh ⁻¹	>1000μg m ⁻³	
Heavy	Strong	Heavy	Likely
50-100mm	>65kmh ⁻¹	>600μg m ⁻³	
Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Less likely
10 - 49mm	>50kmh ⁻¹	>400μg m ⁻³	
Light	Light	Light	
1 - 10mm	<50kmh ⁻¹	<200μg m ⁻³	



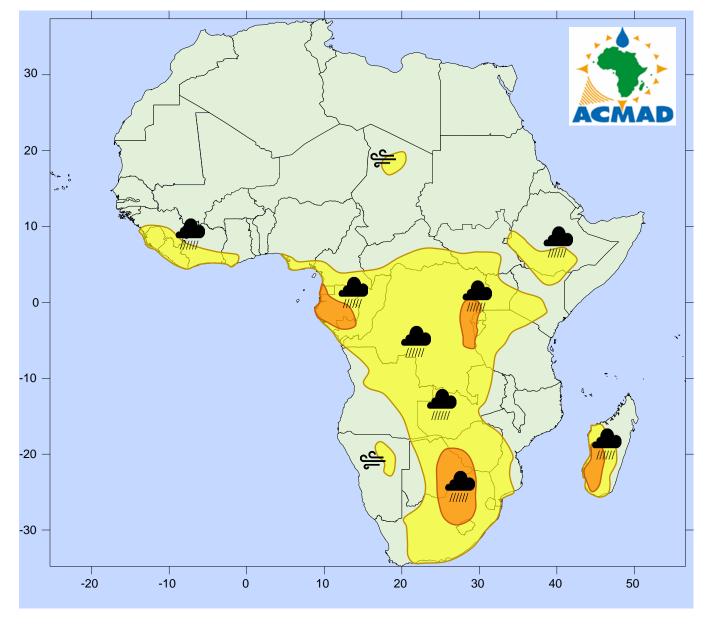


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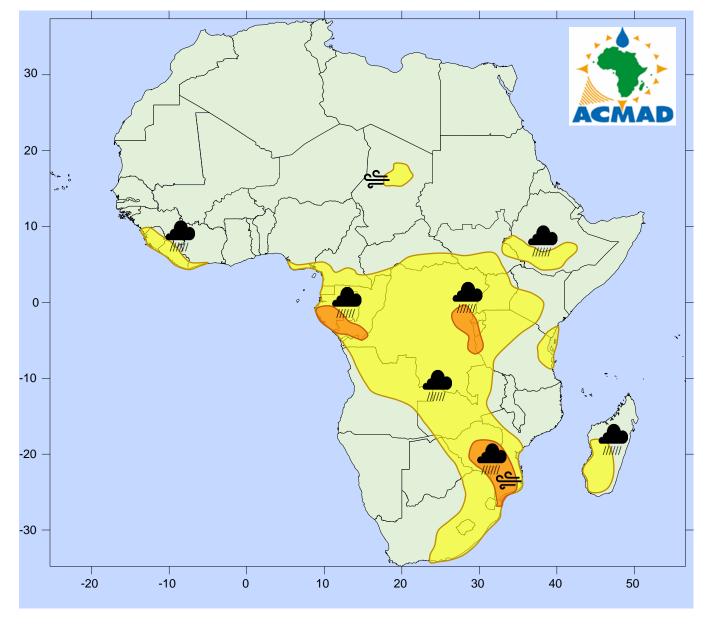


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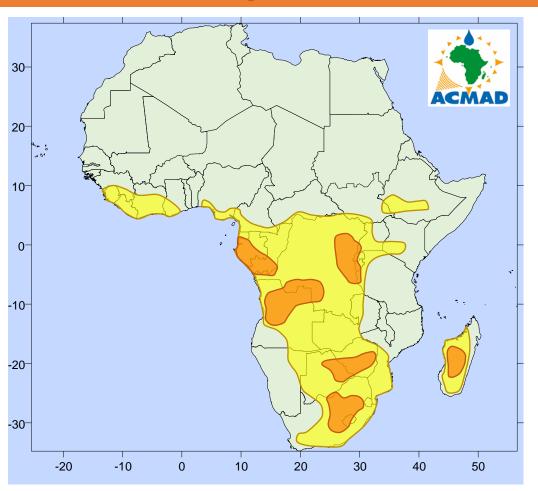
VIGILANCE MAP AND POLICY BRIEF FOR HEAVY RAINFALL AND STRONG WINDS

Clims A INTRA-ACP CLIMATE SERVICES AND RELATED APPLICATIONS PROGRAMM An Yillalive of the Organization of Addican, Carticosan soft holitic States tunked by the European Union

Valid From November 4 to 8, 2022

Issued on November 3, 2022

<u>HIGHLIGHT</u>: Heavy rainfall is expected over Equatorial Guinea, Gabon, Congo, DRC, Rwanda, Burundi, Tanzania, Angola, Zimbabwe, Botswana, South Africa, Lesotho and Madagascar



<u>Disclaimer:</u> The presentation of country boundaries on the map does not imply any
opinion whatsoever on the part of ACMAD concerning the legal status of any
country, territory or area, or concerning the delimitation of frontiers or boundaries.

Phenomenon	Hazard	Potentials Impacts	DRM Measures / Advices
In next 5 days accumulated rainfall (50- 100mm) is likely,	Moderate rainfall, flash flood, riverine flooding, landslides, soil erosion and lightning likely	Displacements of people due to floods, outbreak of water borne diseases, damage of infrastructures (roads, bridges,)	Civil Protection and DRM services in west, South, East, central Africa and Madagascar to monitor closely the situation with NHMSs
In next 5 days accumulated rainfall (100 – 150mm) is very likely,	Heavy rainfall, flash flood, riverine flooding, landslides, soil erosion and lightning, strong winds,	Displacements of people due to floods, outbreak of water borne diseases, damage of infrastructures (roads, bridges,)	Civil Protection and DRM services in South Gabon, Equatorial Guinea, and Congo, Central and North East of Angola, West, South and East of DRC, Central and Central East and West of South Africa, East of Botswana, Central and Central East and West of Zimbabwe, West of Lesotho and Central Madagascar to update Flood contingency plans, monitor the water level in river basin, reservoirs and dams, assess vulnerabilities and take preparedness measures.
In next 5 days accumulated rainfall (>150mm) is very likely,	Extreme heavy precipitation, flash flood, riverine flooding, landslides, soil erosion and lightning, strong winds, severe thunderstorms	Loss of lives, Injuries, Displacements of people due to floods, outbreak of water borne diseases, damage of infrastructures (roads, bridges,)	Civil Protection services and DRM authorities to activate flood contingency plans for emergency response (assistance to victims, search & rescue operations), and be in close touch with NHMS, in case the situation become serious.



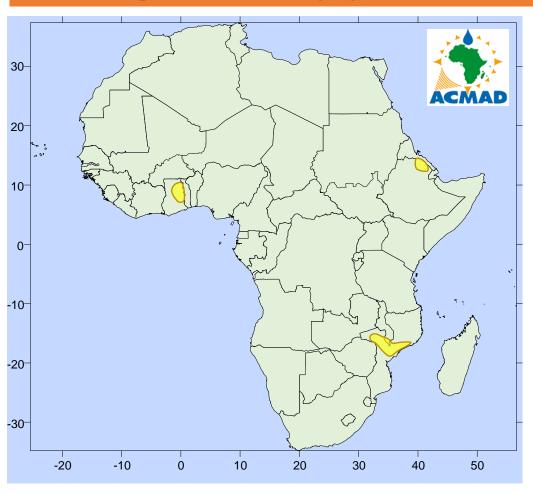
VIGILANCE MAP AND POLICY BRIEF FOR HEAT WAVE

Valid From November 4 to 8, 2022

Issued on November 3, 2022



HIGHLIGHT: Light heat wave is likely expected over Ghana, Ethiopia, Malawi and Mozambique



Phenomenon	Hazard	Potentials Impacts	DRM Measures / Advices
In next 5 days apparent temperature >40°C to 44°C are expected for two days	Heat wave Conditions persists on 2days	Moderate temperature heat is tolerable for general public but moderate health concern for vulnerable people(people chronic diseases, infants and elderly)	Civil Protection and DRM services in East of Ghana, North of Ethiopia, Central and Central East of Mozambique, South of Malawi to monitor closely the situation with NHMSs
apparent temperature 40°C to 44°C are expected for more than 2 days	Moderate heat wave conditions are likely to persist for 3days ore more with varied severity	High temperature Increased likelihood of heat illness symptoms in people who are either exposed to sun for a prolonged period or doing heavy work High health concern for vulnerable people	Civil Protection and DRM services to update heat wave contingency plan, assess vulnerabilities, cooling systems and take awareness measures in close relation with the health services in case the situation persist.
Apparent temperatures >45°C are expected for more than 2 days	Severe heat wave is very likely to persist for more than 2 days,	Very high likelihood of developing heat illness and heat stroke in all ages	Civil Protection and DRM services to activate heat wave contingency plan for emergency response in case the situation become serious.

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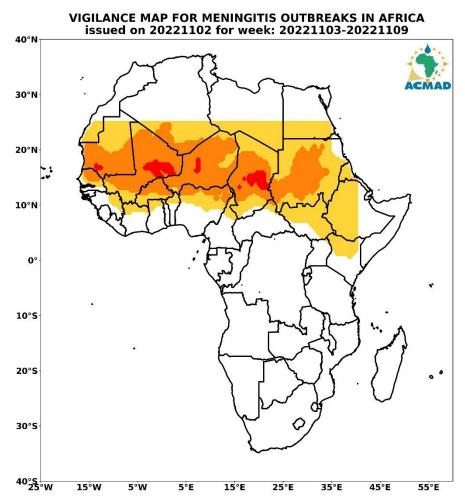
VIGILANCE MAP AND POLICY BRIEF FOR MENINGITIS OUBREAK

Valid From November 3 to 9, 2022

Issued on November 2, 2022



HIGHLIGHT: Emergence of Meningitis cases are very likely in Mauritania, Mali, Niger and Chad.



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Phenomenon	Hazard	Potentials Impacts	Advisory / Measures
 Dust concentration below 150μg/m3 Relative humidity above 40% Temperature below 27οC 	Emergence of Meningitis cases not likely	Potential pressure on the health system	Routine surveillance systems at regional and national levels
 Dust concentration between 150 to 400μg/m³ Relative humidity between 20 & 40% Temperature above 27°C 	Emergence of Meningitis cases very likely	Loss of life, pressure on the health system	Activation of surveillance systems at regional and national levels
 Dust Concentration at least 400µg/m³ and above Relative humidity less than 20% Temperature above 30°C 	Emergence of Meningitis cases very likely and epidemic status possible	Loss of life, increased pressure on the health system	Strengthen and increase meningitis surveillance systems at both regional and national levels

Contributors

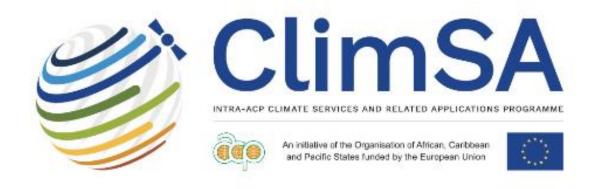
Name	Function	Date
Dr. Lawal Kamoru Abiodun	Thematic expert in Climate Change	03-11-2022
Godefroid Nshimirimana	Thematic expert in meteorology	03-11-2022
Leon Guy Razafindrakoto	Thematic expert in meteorology	03-11-2022
Babatunde Atoyebi	Resource Person - OJT	03-11-2022
Mohammed Kangiwa	Resource Person - OJT	03-11-2022
Sunshine Gamedze	Short Term Climate Expert	03-11-2022
Dr. Pierre Kamsu	Senior Expert Forecaster 03-11-2022	
Dominique Kuitsouc	EWS expert 03-11-2022	

Versions

Version	Date	Ву	Descriptions
V0	03-11-2022	WWFD forecasters	First draft for « Briefing », with all forecaster's contributions
Last	03-11-2022	Dr. Pierre Kamsu	Final Review



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